

Linear Regression

A Short Course on Data Analysis Using R Software (2017)

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1 Introduction

Multiple Linear Regression is given by

$$E(Y|\mathbf{X}) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \cdots + \beta_{p-1} X_{p-1} = \beta_0 + \sum \beta_{p-1} X_{p-1}$$

where the **X** (in bold) denotes a collection of Xs. p is the number of estimated parameters.

2 Preliminaries

2.1 Load libraries

```
library(car)
library(psych)
```

2.2 Load data set

```
salary = Salaries # data from `car`, Salaries for Professors...
`?`(Salaries)
str(salary)

## 'data.frame': 397 obs. of 6 variables:
## $ rank : Factor w/ 3 levels "AsstProf","AssocProf",...: 3 3 1 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ discipline : Factor w/ 2 levels "A","B": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ yrs.since.phd: int 19 20 4 45 40 6 30 45 21 18 ...
## $ yrs.service : int 18 16 3 39 41 6 23 45 20 18 ...
## $ sex : Factor w/ 2 levels "Female","Male": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 ...
## $ salary : int 139750 173200 79750 115000 141500 97000 175000 147765 119250 129000 ...
names(salary)

## [1] "rank"      "discipline"   "yrs.since.phd" "yrs.service"  "sex"
## [6] "salary"

# - View the levels of categorical variables
lapply(salary[c("rank", "discipline", "sex")], levels)

## $rank
## [1] "AsstProf" "AssocProf" "Prof"
##
## $discipline
## [1] "A" "B"
##
## $sex
## [1] "Female" "Male"
```

3 Linear Regression

3.1 Data exploration

3.1.1 Descriptive statistics

```
describe(salary[c(3, 4, 6)]) # var 3, 4, 6 are numbers

##           vars   n     mean      sd median trimmed      mad    min    max range
## yrs.since.phd 1 397    22.31    12.89    21    21.83   14.83    1    56    55
## yrs.service   2 397    17.61    13.01    16    16.51   14.83    0    60    60
## salary         3 397 113706.46 30289.04 107300 111401.61 29355.48 57800 231545 173745
##                  skew kurtosis      se
## yrs.since.phd 0.30    -0.81    0.65
## yrs.service    0.65    -0.34    0.65
## salary         0.71     0.18 1520.16

summary(salary[c(1, 2, 5)]) # var 1, 2, 5 are factors

##       rank   discipline   sex
## AsstProf : 67   A:181   Female: 39
## AssocProf: 64   B:216     Male :358
## Prof      :266
```

```

lapply(salary[c(1, 2, 5)], function(x) summary(x)/length(x) * 100) # in percent

## $rank
##   AsstProf AssocProf      Prof
## 16.87657 16.12091 67.00252
##
## $discipline
##      A      B
## 45.59194 54.40806
##
## $sex
##   Female     Male
## 9.823678 90.176322
# - Salary by groups
describeBy(salary$salary, salary$rank)

##
## Descriptive statistics by group
## group: AsstProf
##   vars n    mean      sd median trimmed      mad    min    max range skew kurtosis      se
## X1   1 67 80775.99 8174.11 79800 80825.6 9340.38 63100 97032 33932 0.08      -1 998.63
## -----
## group: AssocProf
##   vars n    mean      sd median trimmed      mad    min    max range skew kurtosis      se
## X1   1 64 93876.44 13831.7 95626.5 93937.38 14624.37 62884 126431 63547 -0.08      -0.71
##      se
## X1 1728.96
## -----
## group: Prof
##   vars n    mean      sd median trimmed      mad    min    max range skew
## X1   1 266 126772.1 27718.67 123321.5 125080.8 28409.58 57800 231545 173745 0.58
##      kurtosis      se
## X1     0.32 1699.54
describeBy(salary$salary, salary$discipline)

##
## Descriptive statistics by group
## group: A
##   vars n    mean      sd median trimmed      mad    min    max range skew kurtosis      se
## X1   1 181 108548.4 30538.15 104350 105515.3 31653.51 57800 205500 147700 0.84      0.34
##      se
## X1 2269.88
## -----
## group: B
##   vars n    mean      sd median trimmed      mad    min    max range skew
## X1   1 216 118028.7 29459.14 113018.5 116020.4 31162.03 67559 231545 163986 0.67
##      kurtosis      se
## X1     0.16 2004.44
describeBy(salary$salary, salary$sex)

##
## Descriptive statistics by group
## group: Female

```

```

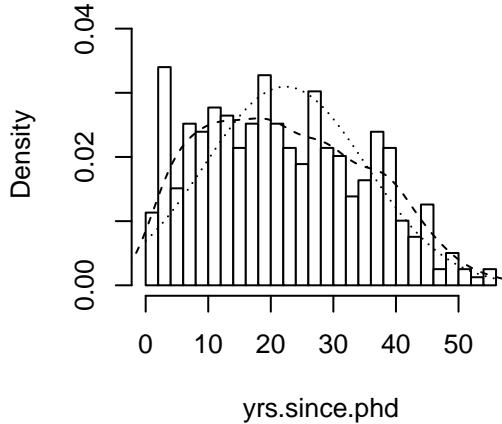
##      vars   n     mean       sd median trimmed      mad    min     max range skew kurtosis
## X1      1 39 101002.4 25952.13 103750 99531.06 35229.54 62884 161101 98217 0.42      -0.8
##           se
## X1 4155.67
## -----
## group: Male
##      vars   n     mean       sd median trimmed      mad    min     max range skew kurtosis
## X1      1 358 115090.4 30436.93 108043 112748.1 29586.02 57800 231545 173745 0.71      0.15
##           se
## X1 1608.64
# lapply(salary[c(1,2,5)], function(x) describeBy(salary$salary, x)) # one line code

```

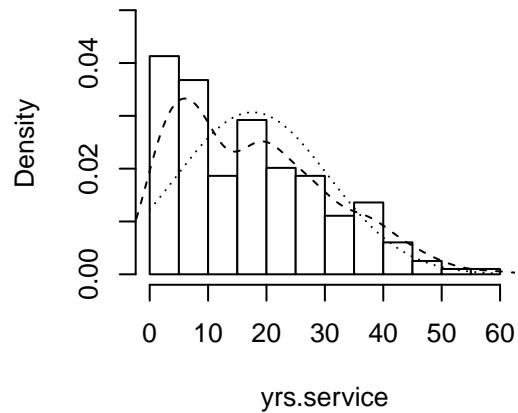
3.1.2 Plots

```
multi.hist(salary[c(3, 4, 6)])
```

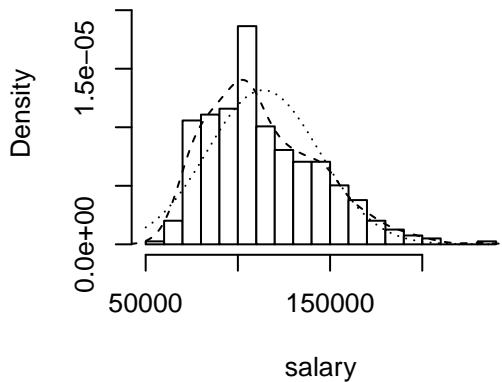
Histogram, Density, and Normal Fit



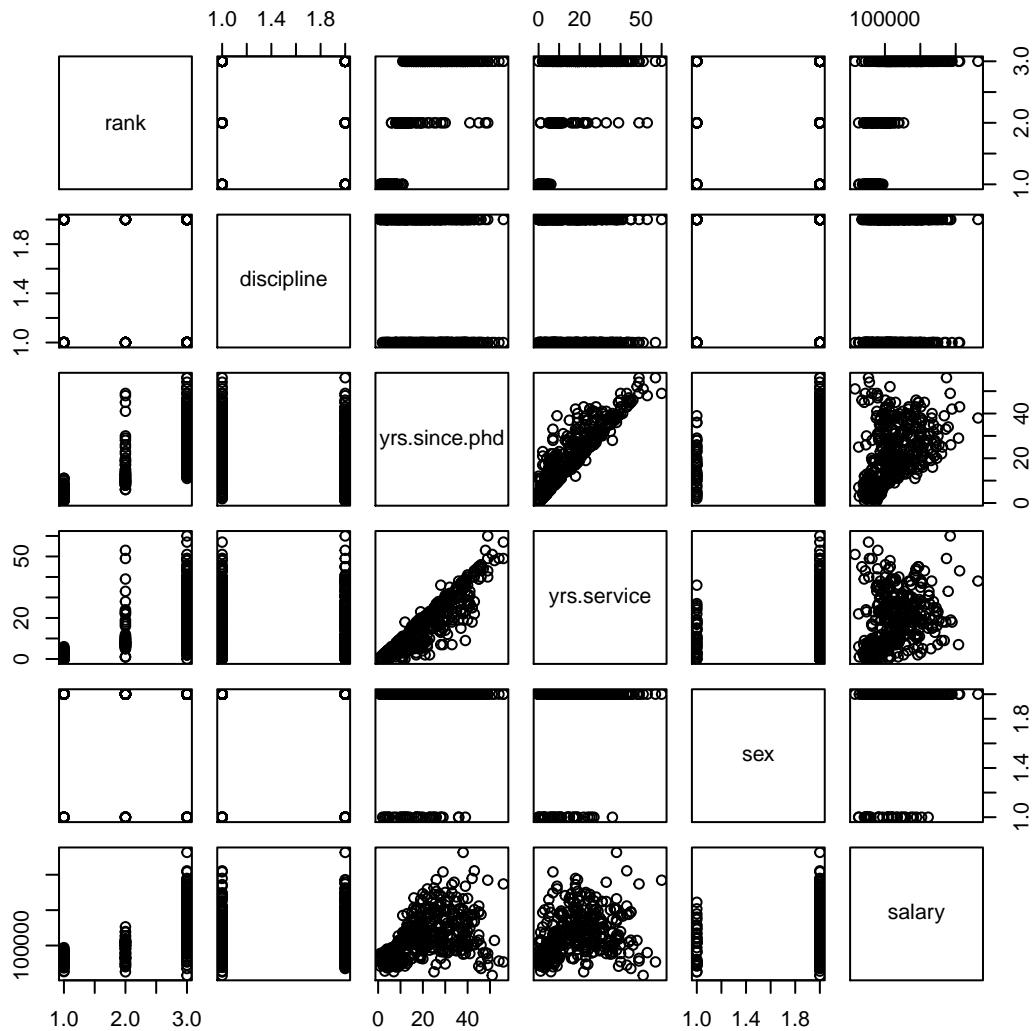
Histogram, Density, and Normal Fit



Histogram, Density, and Normal Fit



```
plot(salary)
```



3.2 Univariable

```

str(salary)

## 'data.frame':   397 obs. of  6 variables:
## $ rank      : Factor w/ 3 levels "AsstProf","AssocProf",...: 3 3 1 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ discipline : Factor w/ 2 levels "A","B": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ yrs.since.phd: int  19 20 4 45 40 6 30 45 21 18 ...
## $ yrs.service : int  18 16 3 39 41 6 23 45 20 18 ...
## $ sex       : Factor w/ 2 levels "Female","Male": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 ...
## $ salary     : int  139750 173200 79750 115000 141500 97000 175000 147765 119250 129000 ...

# - Years since PhD,
linear.u.phd = glm(salary ~ yrs.since.phd, data = salary)
summary(linear.u.phd)

## 
## Call:
## glm(formula = salary ~ yrs.since.phd, data = salary)
## 
## Deviance Residuals:
```

```

##      Min     1Q   Median     3Q     Max
## -84171 -19432    -2858    16086   102383
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 91718.7     2765.8  33.162 <2e-16 ***
## yrs.since.phd 985.3      107.4   9.177 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 758098328)
##
## Null deviance: 3.6330e+11 on 396 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2.9945e+11 on 395 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 9247.8
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
# - Years in service,
linear.u.ser = glm(salary ~ yrs.service, data = salary)
summary(linear.u.ser)

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = salary ~ yrs.service, data = salary)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min     1Q   Median     3Q     Max
## -81933 -20511    -3776    16417   101947
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 99974.7     2416.6  41.37 < 2e-16 ***
## yrs.service  779.6      110.4    7.06 7.53e-12 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 816686970)
##
## Null deviance: 3.6330e+11 on 396 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 3.2259e+11 on 395 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 9277.4
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
# - Rank,
linear.u.ran = glm(salary ~ rank, data = salary)
summary(linear.u.ran)

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = salary ~ rank, data = salary)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min     1Q   Median     3Q     Max
## -68972 -16376    -1580    11755   104773

```

```

## 
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) 80776     2887   27.976 < 2e-16 ***
## rankAssocProf 13100     4131    3.171  0.00164 **  
## rankProf     45996     3230   14.238 < 2e-16 ***  
## --- 
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## 
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 558550449)
## 
## Null deviance: 3.6330e+11  on 396  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2.2007e+11  on 394  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 9127.5
## 
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2

# - Discipline,
linear.u.dis = glm(salary ~ discipline, data = salary)
summary(linear.u.dis)

## 
## Call:
## glm(formula = salary ~ discipline, data = salary)
## 
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q       Median       3Q       Max      
## -50748   -24611    -4429    19138   113516      
## 
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) 108548     2227   48.751 < 2e-16 ***
## disciplineB 9480      3019    3.141  0.00181 **  
## --- 
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## 
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 897341368)
## 
## Null deviance: 3.6330e+11  on 396  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 3.5445e+11  on 395  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 9314.8
## 
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2

# - Sex,
linear.u.sex = glm(salary ~ sex, data = salary)
summary(linear.u.sex)

## 
## Call:
## glm(formula = salary ~ sex, data = salary)
## 
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q       Median       3Q       Max      
## -57290   -23502    -6828    19710   116455      
## 
```

```

## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 101002     4809  21.001 < 2e-16 ***
## sexMale     14088      5065   2.782  0.00567 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 902077538)
##
## Null deviance: 3.6330e+11 on 396 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 3.5632e+11 on 395 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 9316.9
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
# - LR test
linear.u0 = glm(salary ~ 1, data = salary)
summary(linear.u0)

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = salary ~ 1, data = salary)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##    Min      1Q  Median      3Q     Max
## -55906  -22706   -6406   20479  117839
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 113706     1520    74.8 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 917425865)
##
## Null deviance: 3.633e+11 on 396 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 3.633e+11 on 396 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 9322.6
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
cat(names(salary), sep = " + ")

## rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd + yrs.service + sex + salary
add1(linear.u0, scope = ~rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd + yrs.service + sex, test = "LRT")

## Single term additions
##
## Model:
## salary ~ 1
##             Df  Deviance    AIC scaled dev.  Pr(>Chi)
## <none>          3.6330e+11 9322.6
## rank            2 2.2007e+11 9127.5     199.012 < 2.2e-16 ***
## discipline      1 3.5445e+11 9314.8      9.792  0.001753 **
## yrs.since.phd   1 2.9945e+11 9247.8     76.735 < 2.2e-16 ***

```

```

## yrs.service     1 3.2259e+11 9277.4      47.181 6.472e-12 ***
## sex            1 3.5632e+11 9316.9      7.702  0.005517 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# - p on adding that var = univar

```

3.3 Multivariable

```

# - All
linear.m.all = glm(salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd + yrs.service + sex, data = salary)
summary(linear.m.all)

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd + yrs.service +
##       sex, data = salary)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##    Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -65248  -13211   -1775   10384   99592
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 65955.2    4588.6  14.374 < 2e-16 ***
## rankAssocProf 12907.6    4145.3   3.114  0.00198 **
## rankProf    45066.0    4237.5  10.635 < 2e-16 ***
## disciplineB 14417.6    2342.9   6.154  1.88e-09 ***
## yrs.since.phd 535.1     241.0   2.220  0.02698 *
## yrs.service   -489.5    211.9  -2.310  0.02143 *
## sexMale      4783.5    3858.7   1.240  0.21584
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 507990599)
##
## Null deviance: 3.6330e+11 on 396 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 1.9812e+11 on 390 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 9093.8
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
drop1(linear.m.all, test = "LRT") # p on rmv that var

## Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd + yrs.service + sex
##              Df Deviance    AIC scaled dev. Pr(>Chi)
## <none>          1.9812e+11 9093.8
## rank           2 2.6762e+11 9209.2     119.389 < 2.2e-16 ***
## discipline     1 2.1735e+11 9128.6     36.791 1.315e-09 ***
## yrs.since.phd 1 2.0062e+11 9096.8      4.986  0.02555 *
## yrs.service    1 2.0083e+11 9097.2      5.394  0.02021 *

```

```

## sex           1 1.9890e+11 9093.4      1.561   0.21147
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# - Stepwise
linear.m.step = step(linear.m.all, direction = "both")

## Start:  AIC=9093.83
## salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd + yrs.service + sex
##
##          Df  Deviance    AIC
## - sex      1 1.9890e+11 9093.4
## <none>     1.9812e+11 9093.8
## - yrs.since.phd  1 2.0062e+11 9096.8
## - yrs.service   1 2.0083e+11 9097.2
## - discipline    1 2.1735e+11 9128.6
## - rank        2 2.6762e+11 9209.2
##
## Step:  AIC=9093.39
## salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd + yrs.service
##
##          Df  Deviance    AIC
## <none>     1.9890e+11 9093.4
## + sex       1 1.9812e+11 9093.8
## - yrs.since.phd  1 2.0140e+11 9096.3
## - yrs.service   1 2.0147e+11 9096.5
## - discipline    1 2.1839e+11 9128.5
## - rank        2 2.6958e+11 9210.1

summary(linear.m.step)

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd + yrs.service,
##      data = salary)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##    Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -65244  -13498   -1455    9638   99682
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 69869.0    3332.1  20.968 < 2e-16 ***
## rankAssocProf 12831.5    4147.7   3.094  0.00212 **
## rankProf    45287.7    4236.7  10.689 < 2e-16 ***
## disciplineB 14505.2    2343.4   6.190 1.52e-09 ***
## yrs.since.phd 534.6     241.2   2.217  0.02720 *
## yrs.service   -476.7    211.8  -2.250  0.02497 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 508688005)
##
## Null deviance: 3.633e+11  on 396  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 1.989e+11  on 391  degrees of freedom

```

```

## AIC: 9093.4
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
linear.m.step$anova

##      Step Df Deviance Resid. Df   Resid. Dev      AIC
## 1       NA      NA      390 198116333525 9093.826
## 2 - sex  1 780676354      391 198897009879 9093.388
# - Chosen model
linear.m1 = glm(salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd + yrs.service, data = salary)
summary(linear.m1)

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd + yrs.service,
##      data = salary)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##    Min      1Q  Median      3Q     Max
## -65244 -13498 -1455     9638    99682
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 69869.0    3332.1  20.968 < 2e-16 ***
## rankAssocProf 12831.5    4147.7   3.094  0.00212 **
## rankProf     45287.7    4236.7  10.689 < 2e-16 ***
## disciplineB   14505.2    2343.4   6.190 1.52e-09 ***
## yrs.since.phd    534.6     241.2   2.217  0.02720 *
## yrs.service     -476.7     211.8  -2.250  0.02497 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 508688005)
##
## Null deviance: 3.633e+11 on 396 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 1.989e+11 on 391 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 9093.4
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
# - LR test
drop1(linear.m1, test = "LRT") # p on rmv that var

## Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd + yrs.service
##          Df Deviance AIC scaled dev. Pr(>Chi)
## <none>      1.9890e+11 9093.4
## rank        2 2.6958e+11 9210.1    120.713 < 2.2e-16 ***
## discipline   1 2.1839e+11 9128.5    37.111 1.116e-09 ***
## yrs.since.phd 1 2.0140e+11 9096.3     4.959  0.02595 *
## yrs.service   1 2.0147e+11 9096.5     5.109  0.02380 *
## ---


```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

3.4 Multicollinearity

```
cbind(summary(linear.m1)$coefficients[, 1:2]) # SE

##             Estimate Std. Error
## (Intercept) 69869.0110 3332.1448
## rankAssocProf 12831.5375 4147.6685
## rankProf     45287.6890 4236.6534
## disciplineB 14505.1514 2343.4181
## yrs.since.phd 534.6313 241.1593
## yrs.service   -476.7179 211.8312

vif(linear.m1) # VIF

##            GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## rank        2.003562 2      1.189736
## discipline  1.063139 1      1.031086
## yrs.since.phd 7.518920 1      2.742065
## yrs.service  5.908984 1      2.430840
```

3.5 Interaction

```
add1(linear.m1, scope = ~. + rank * discipline * yrs.since.phd * yrs.service, test = "LRT")

## Single term additions
##
## Model:
## salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd + yrs.service
##                   Df Deviance    AIC scaled dev. Pr(>Chi)
## <none>                 1.9890e+11 9093.4
## rank:discipline       2 1.9838e+11 9096.4      1.0300 0.597506
## rank:yrs.since.phd   2 1.9800e+11 9095.6      1.8025 0.406066
## discipline:yrs.since.phd 1 1.9879e+11 9095.2      0.2231 0.636696
## rank:yrs.service      2 1.9808e+11 9095.8      1.6264 0.443440
## discipline:yrs.service 1 1.9623e+11 9090.0      5.3563 0.020648 *
## yrs.since.phd:yrs.service 1 1.9554e+11 9088.6      6.7650 0.009296 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# - two interactions: discipline:yrs.service; yrs.since.phd:yrs.service
```

3.6 Revised models

```
linear.m2 = glm(salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd + yrs.service + yrs.since.phd:yrs.service +
  discipline:yrs.service, data = salary)
summary(linear.m2) # interactions included

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd + yrs.service +
```

```

##      yrs.since.phd:yrs.service + discipline:yrs.service, data = salary)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##    Min     1Q   Median     3Q    Max
## -66219  -12814   -1483  9640  95308
##
## Coefficients:
##                               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)                70067.114   4211.523 16.637 < 2e-16 ***
## rankAssocProf              6358.223   4814.292  1.321  0.1874
## rankProf                  34988.186   5771.198  6.063 3.17e-09 ***
## disciplineB                 8222.623   3905.270  2.106  0.0359 *
## yrs.since.phd               979.652    302.345  3.240  0.0013 **
## yrs.service                  82.678    396.800  0.208  0.8351
## yrs.since.phd:yrs.service   -21.301     9.266 -2.299  0.0220 *
## disciplineB:yrs.service     351.296   178.164  1.972  0.0493 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 497690316)
##
## Null deviance: 3.633e+11  on 396  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 1.936e+11  on 389  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 9086.7
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
vif(linear.m2) # very large VIF

##                                     GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## rank                         3.800437  2     1.396235
## discipline                   3.017760  1     1.737170
## yrs.since.phd                12.079364  1     3.475538
## yrs.service                  21.191824  1     4.603458
## yrs.since.phd:yrs.service   25.255181  1     5.025453
## discipline:yrs.service       3.548516  1     1.883750

# - remove yrs.since.phd, yrs.service
linear.m1.1 = glm(salary ~ rank + discipline, data = salary)
summary(linear.m1.1)

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = salary ~ rank + discipline, data = salary)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##    Min     1Q   Median     3Q    Max
## -65990  -14049   -1288  10760  97996
##
## Coefficients:
##                               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)                71944      3135  22.948 < 2e-16 ***
## rankAssocProf              13762      3961   3.475 0.000569 ***
## rankProf                  47844      3112  15.376 < 2e-16 ***
## disciplineB                 13761      2296   5.993 4.65e-09 ***

```

```

## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 513076201)
##
## Null deviance: 3.6330e+11 on 396 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2.0164e+11 on 393 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 9094.8
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
# effect of adding them
add1(linear.m1.1, scope = ~. + yrs.since.phd + yrs.service, test = "LRT")

## Single term additions
##
## Model:
## salary ~ rank + discipline
##          Df Deviance    AIC scaled dev. Pr(>Chi)
## <none>      2.0164e+11 9094.8
## yrs.since.phd 1 2.0147e+11 9096.5     0.32628   0.5679
## yrs.service    1 2.0140e+11 9096.3     0.47649   0.4900

# - add yrs.since.phd
linear.m1.2 = glm(salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd, data = salary)
summary(linear.m1.2)

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd, data = salary)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##    Min      1Q      Median      3Q      Max
## -67395  -13480   -1536   10416   97166
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 71405.40    3278.32  21.781 < 2e-16 ***
## rankAssocProf 13030.16    4168.17   3.126  0.0019 **
## rankProf     46211.57    4238.52  10.903 < 2e-16 ***
## disciplineB   14028.68    2345.90   5.980 5.03e-09 ***
## yrs.since.phd    71.92     126.68   0.568   0.5706
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 513962494)
##
## Null deviance: 3.6330e+11 on 396 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2.0147e+11 on 392 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 9096.5
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2
# - add yrs.service
linear.m1.3 = glm(salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.service, data = salary)
summary(linear.m1.3)

```

```

## 
## Call:
## glm(formula = salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.service, data = salary)
## 
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min     1Q  Median     3Q    Max 
## -64198 -14040 -1299  10724  99253 
## 
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) 72253.53   3169.48  22.797 < 2e-16 ***
## rankAssocProf 14483.23   4100.53   3.532 0.000461 *** 
## rankProf     49377.50   3832.90  12.883 < 2e-16 *** 
## disciplineB  13561.43   2315.91   5.856 1.01e-08 *** 
## yrs.service   -76.33    111.25  -0.686 0.493039  
## --- 
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 
## 
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 513768063)
## 
## Null deviance: 3.633e+11  on 396  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2.014e+11  on 392  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 9096.3 
## 
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2 

summary(linear.m1) # too much discrepancy between model w & w/out yrs.since.phd, yrs.service

## 
## Call:
## glm(formula = salary ~ rank + discipline + yrs.since.phd + yrs.service,
##      data = salary)
## 
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min     1Q  Median     3Q    Max 
## -65244 -13498 -1455  9638  99682 
## 
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) 69869.0    3332.1  20.968 < 2e-16 ***
## rankAssocProf 12831.5   4147.7   3.094  0.00212 ** 
## rankProf     45287.7   4236.7  10.689 < 2e-16 *** 
## disciplineB  14505.2   2343.4   6.190 1.52e-09 *** 
## yrs.since.phd  534.6    241.2   2.217  0.02720 *  
## yrs.service    -476.7   211.8  -2.250  0.02497 * 
## --- 
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 
## 
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 508688005)
## 
## Null deviance: 3.633e+11  on 396  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 1.989e+11  on 391  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 9093.4 
## 
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2

```

```

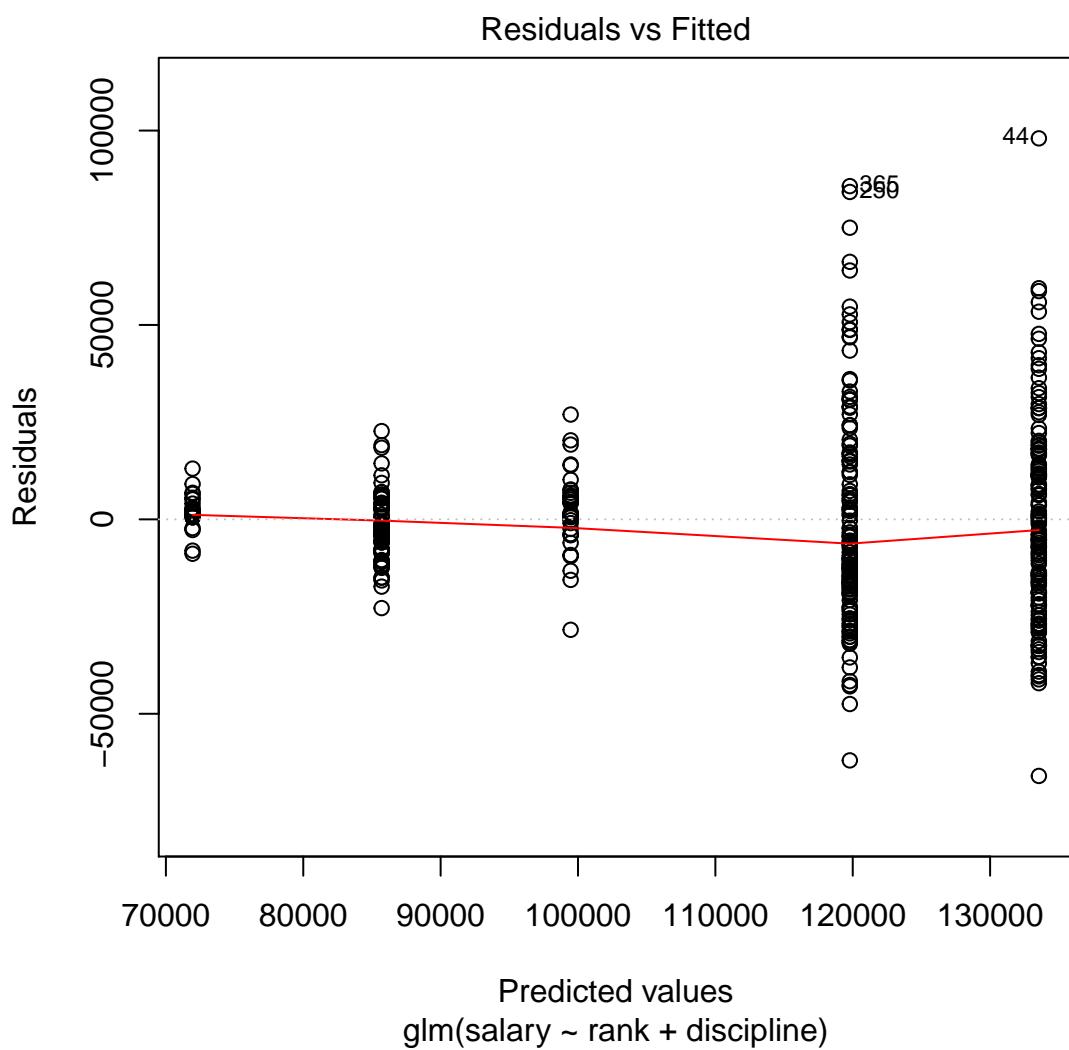
# - the chosen one
linear.m3 = linear.m1.1 # salary ~ rank + discipline
summary(linear.m3)

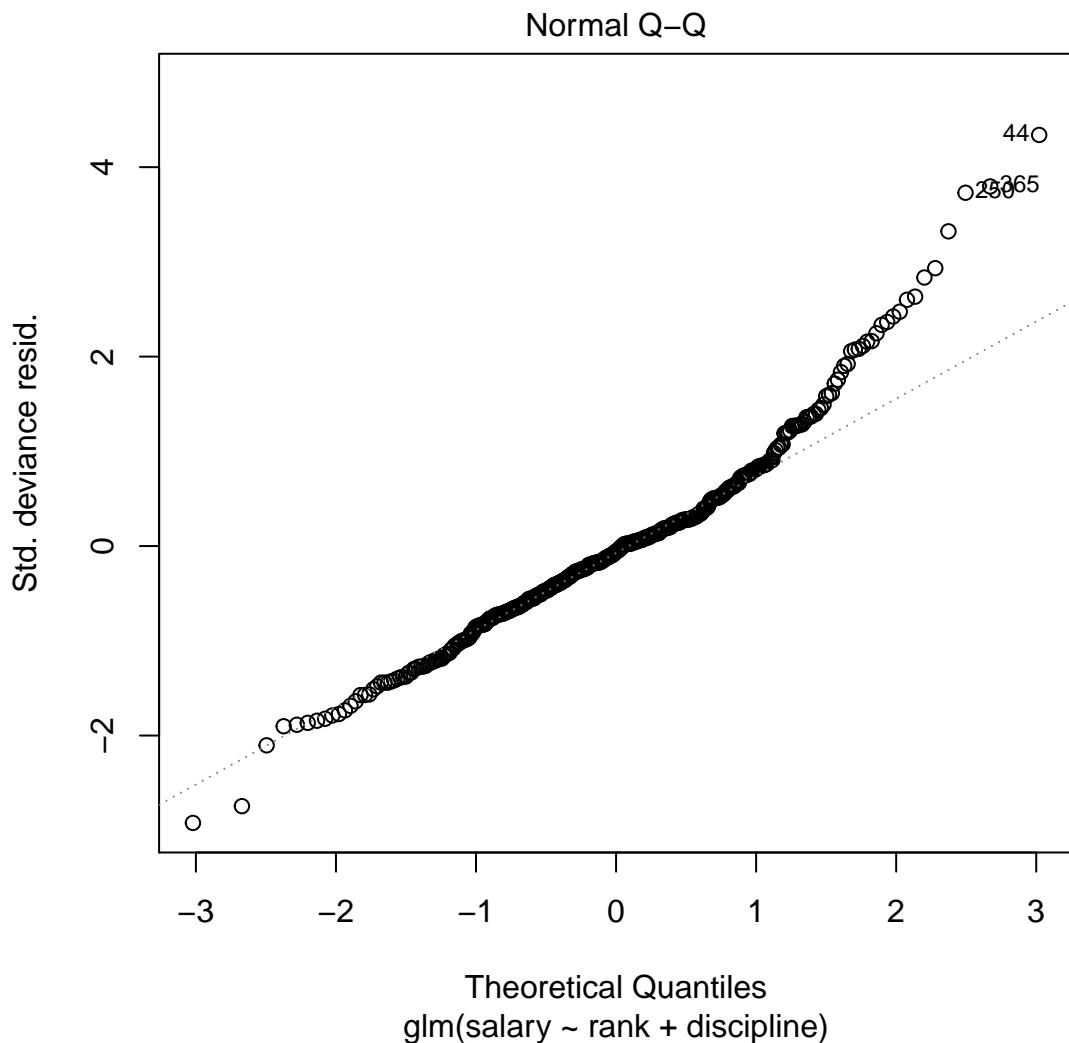
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = salary ~ rank + discipline, data = salary)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##    Min      1Q  Median      3Q     Max
## -65990  -14049   -1288   10760   97996
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 71944     3135  22.948 < 2e-16 ***
## rankAssocProf 13762     3961   3.475 0.000569 ***
## rankProf     47844     3112  15.376 < 2e-16 ***
## disciplineB  13761     2296   5.993 4.65e-09 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 513076201)
##
## Null deviance: 3.6330e+11 on 396 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2.0164e+11 on 393 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 9094.8
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2

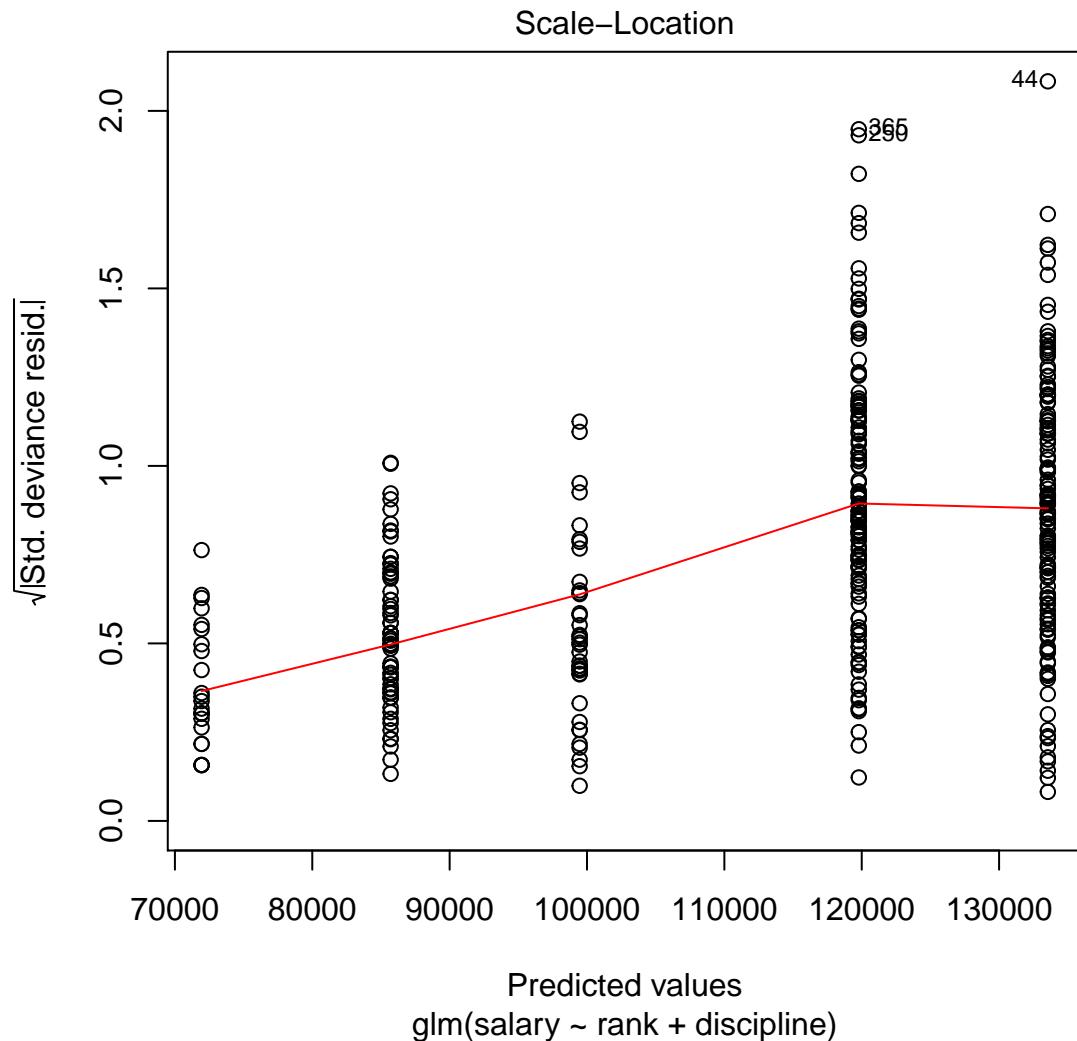
```

3.7 Residuals & Influentials

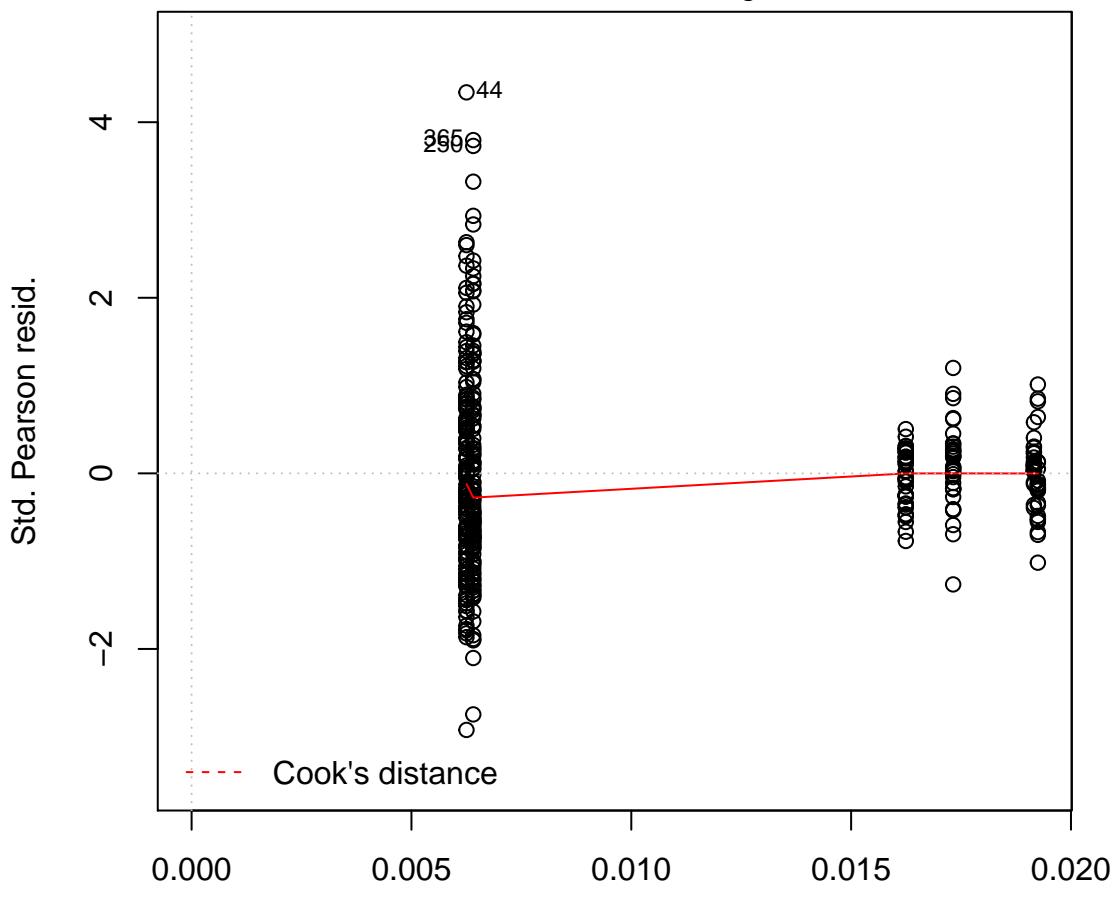
```
plot(linear.m3) # all defaults 1:4
```





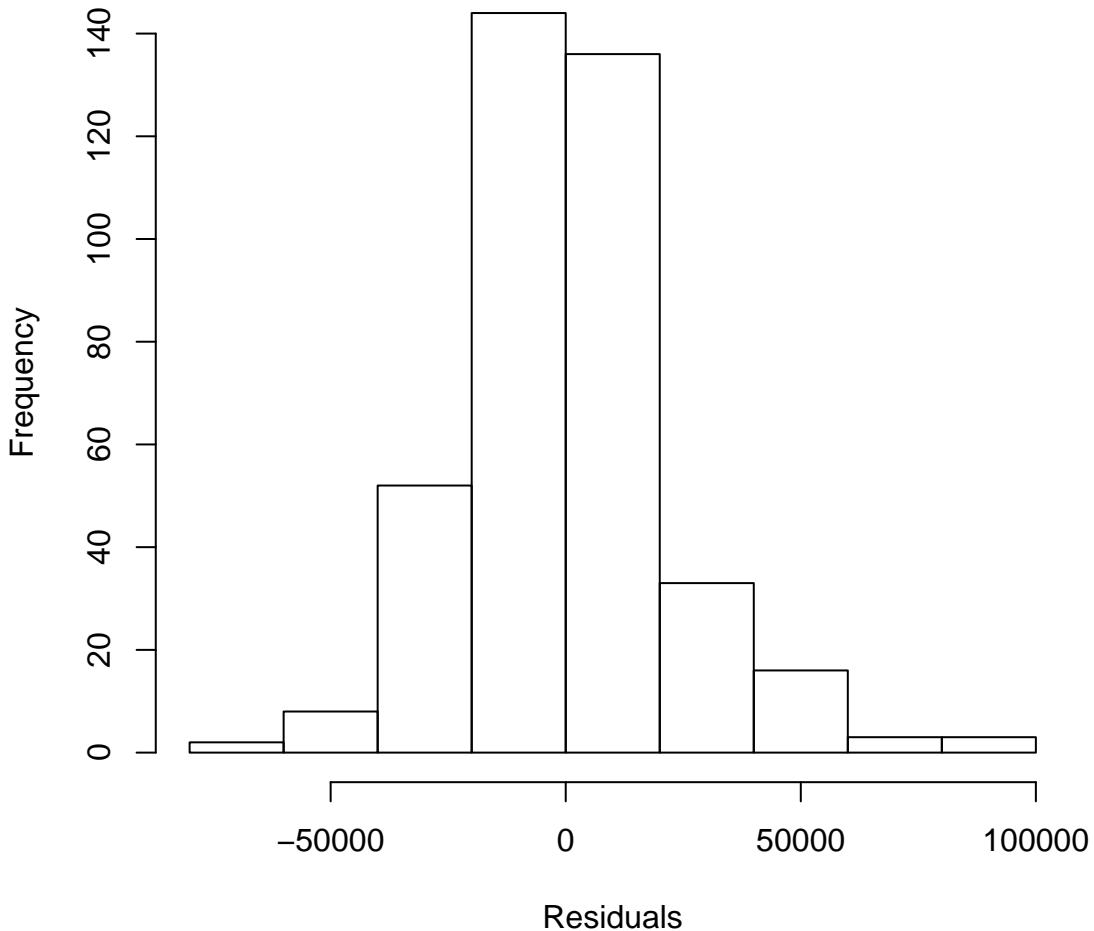


Residuals vs Leverage

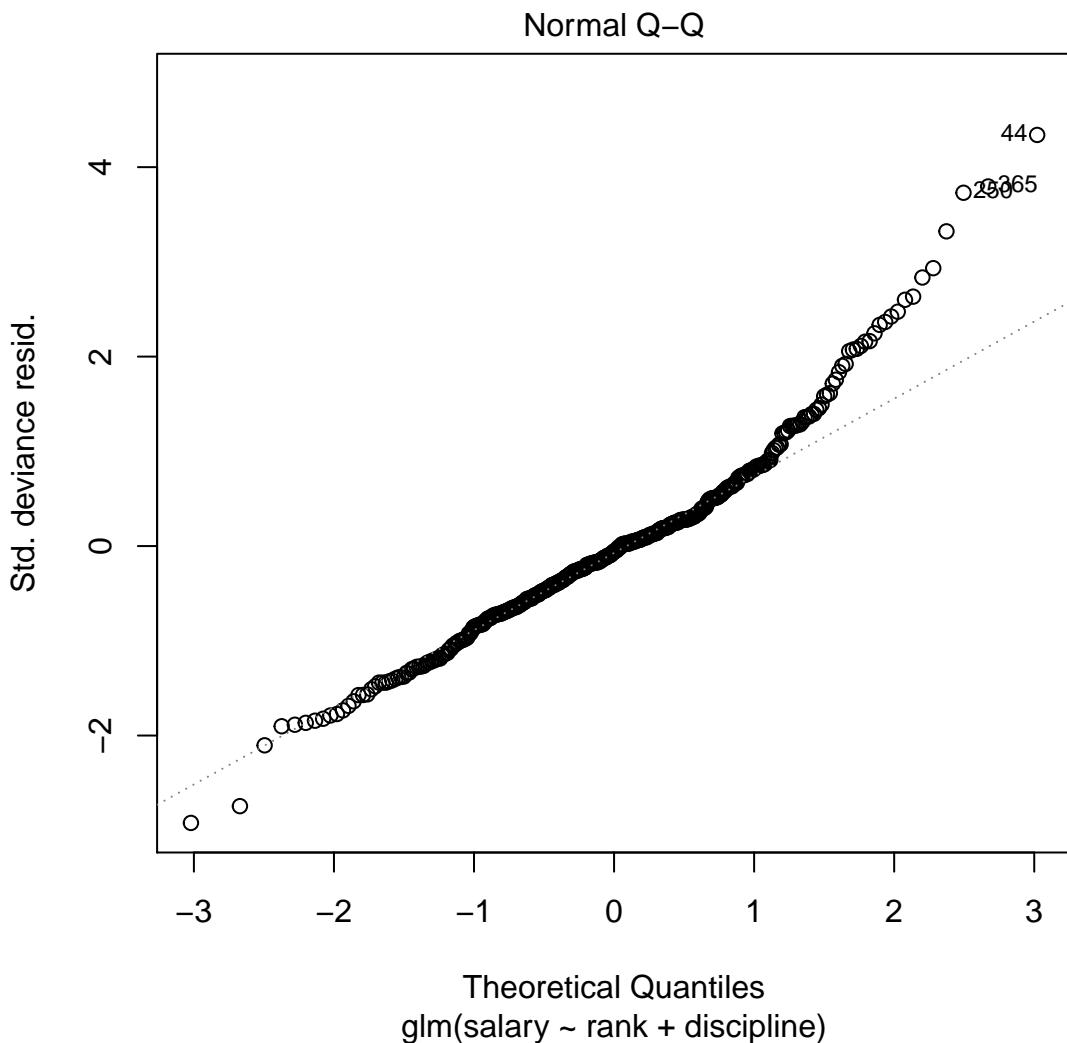


```
# - Normality
hist(resid(linear.m3), main = "Residuals", xlab = "Residuals", ylab = "Frequency")
```

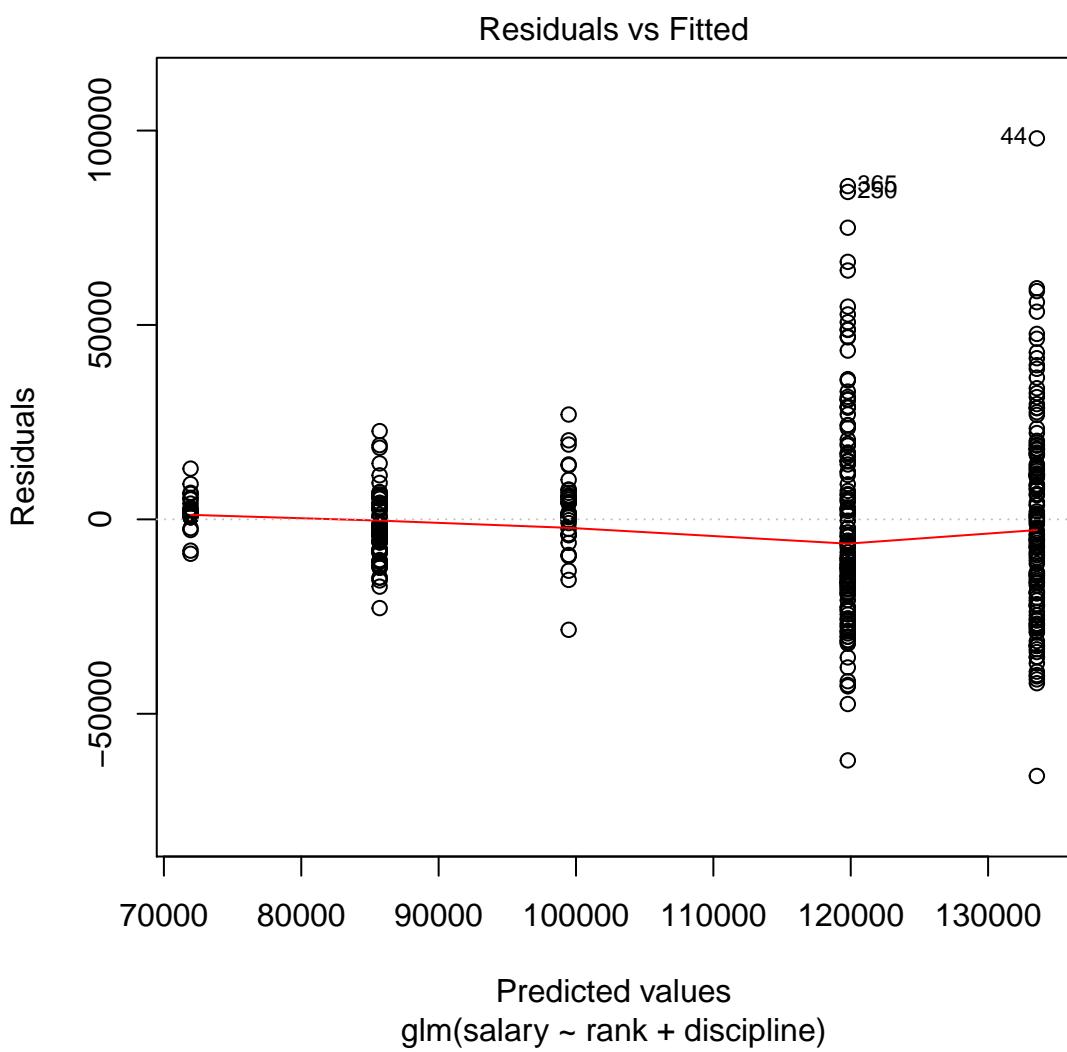
Residuals

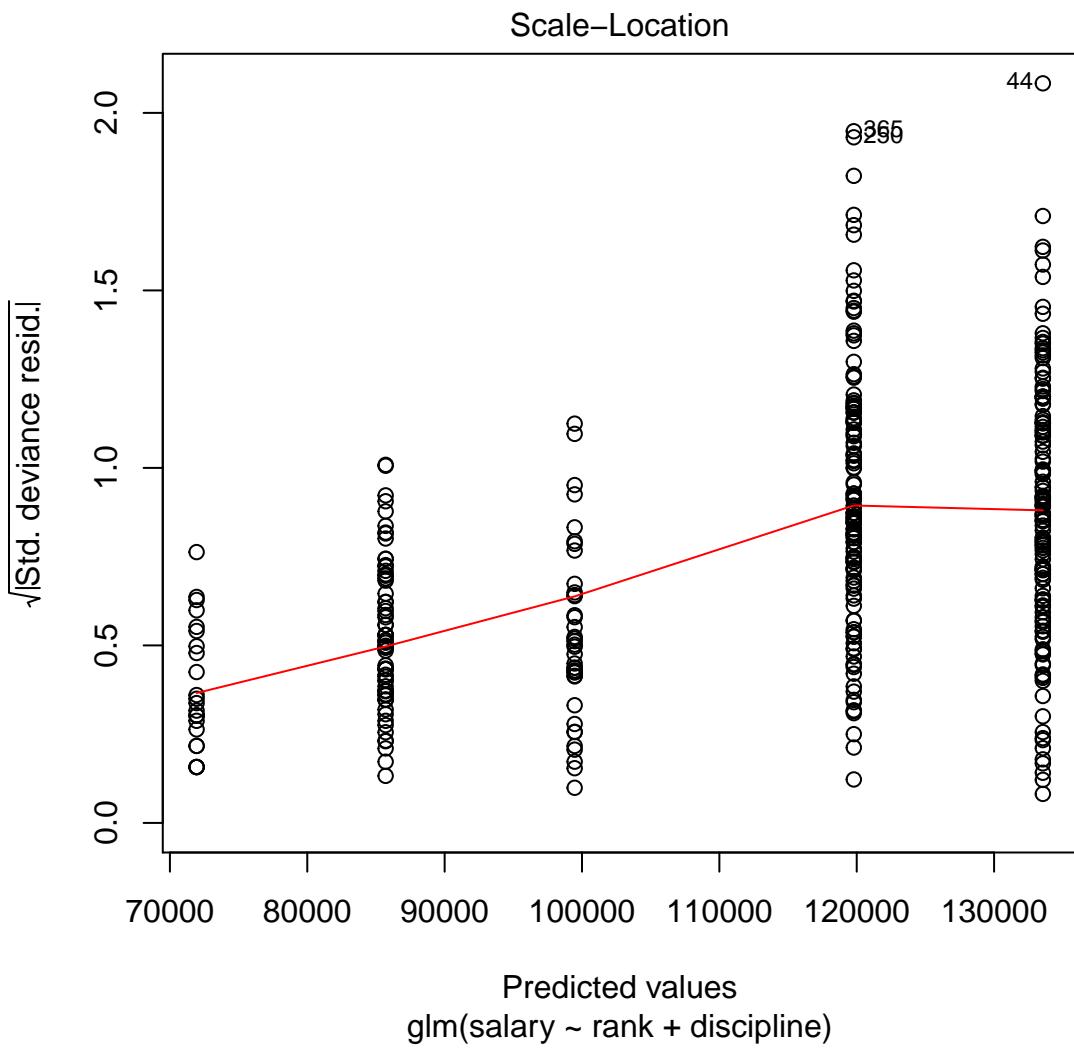


```
plot(linear.m3, which = 2)
```

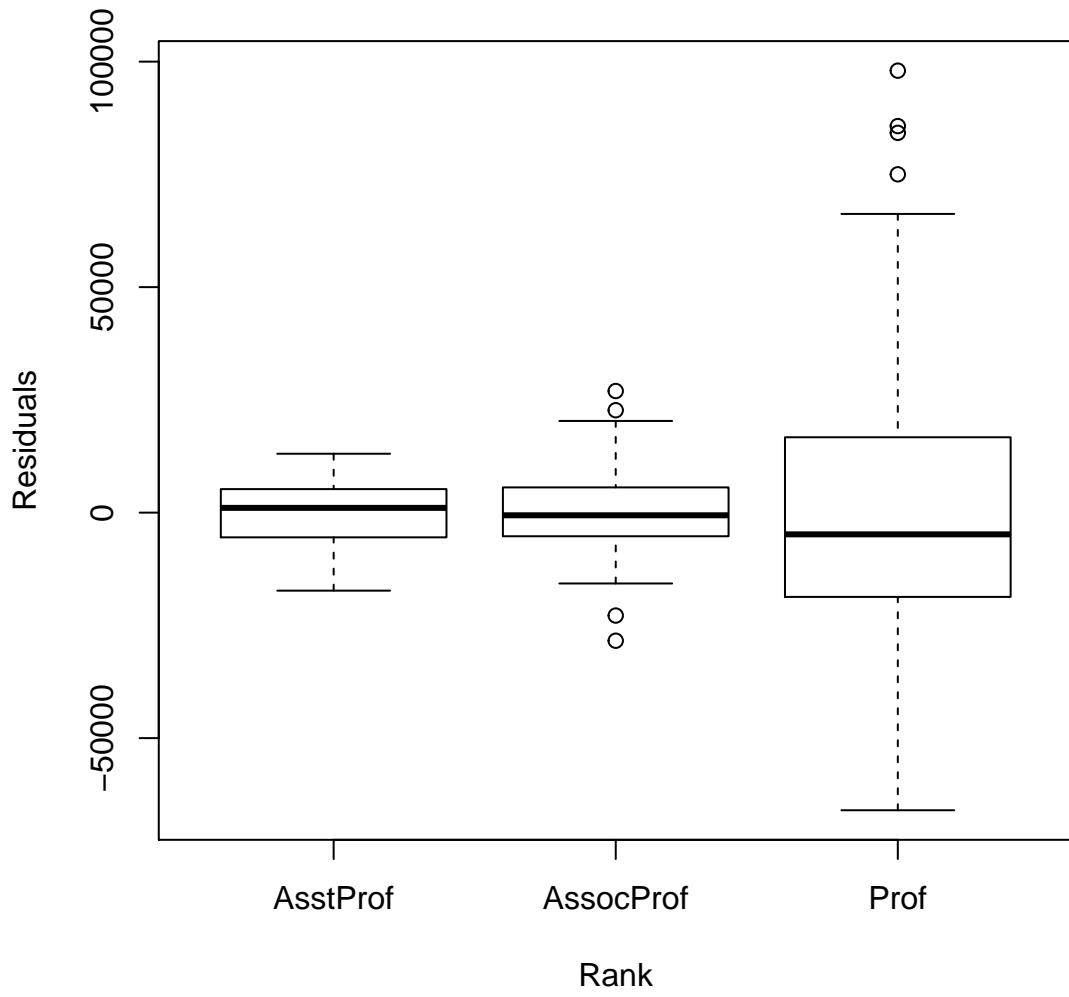


```
# - Linearity
plot(linear.m3, which = 1) # residuals vs predicted
```

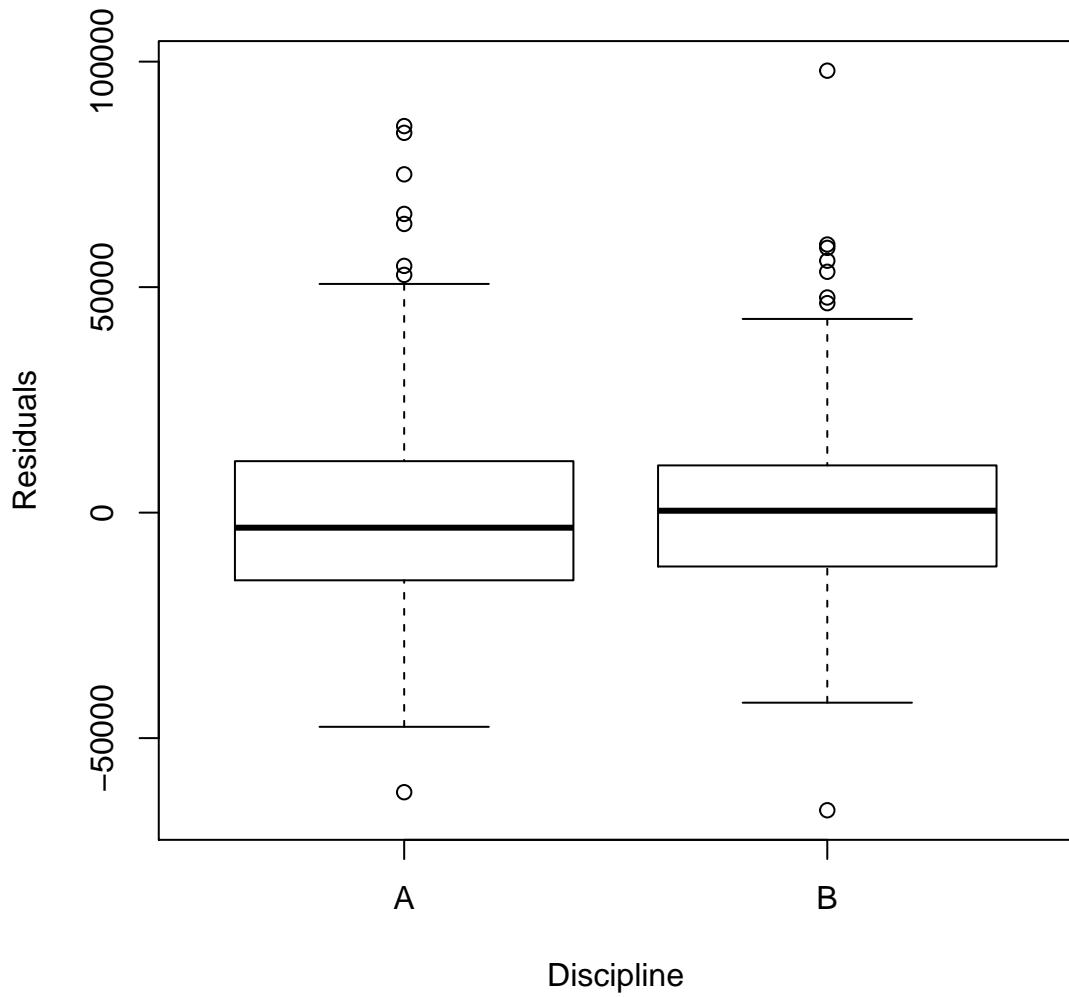




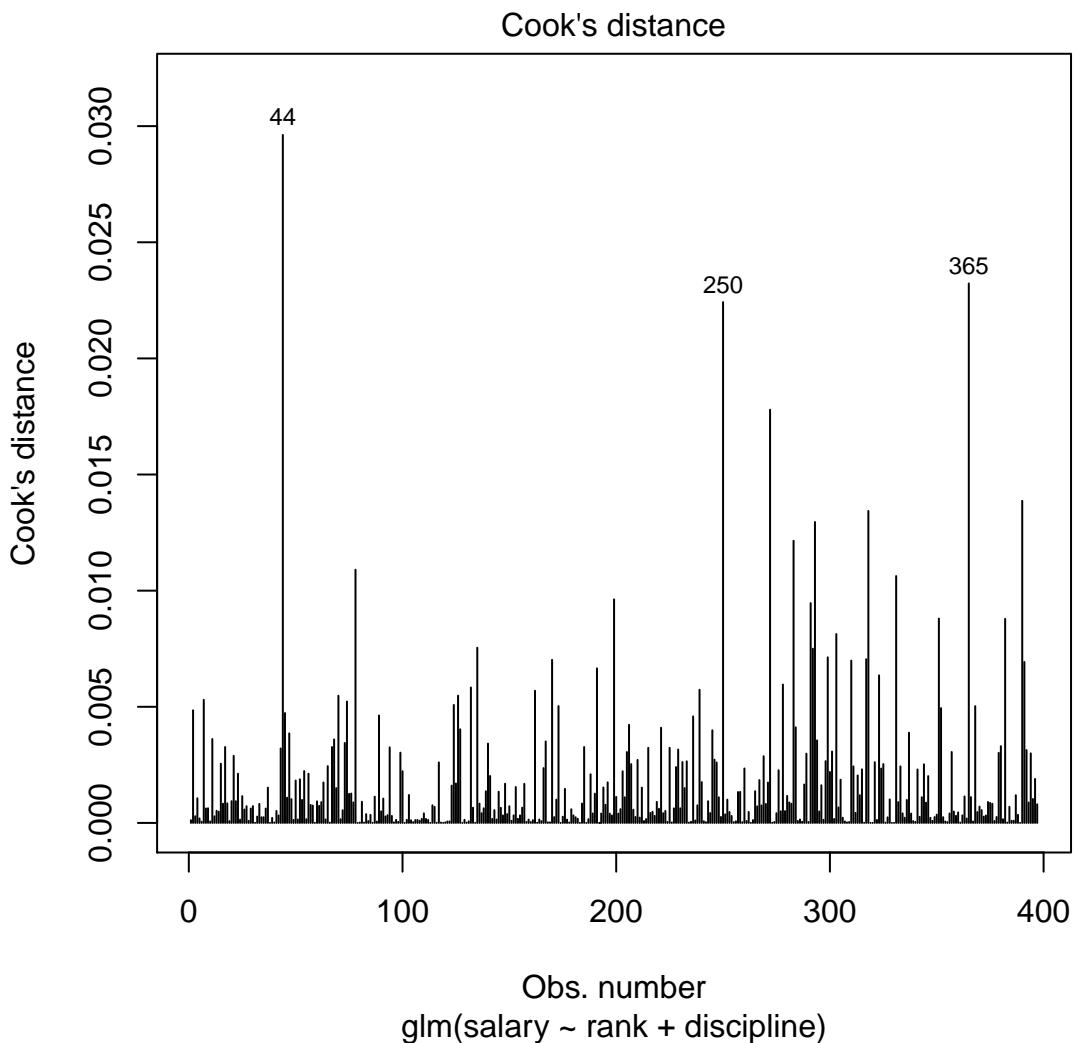
```
plot(linear.m3$residuals ~ salary$rank, ylab = "Residuals", xlab = "Rank") # prof. variance is big
```



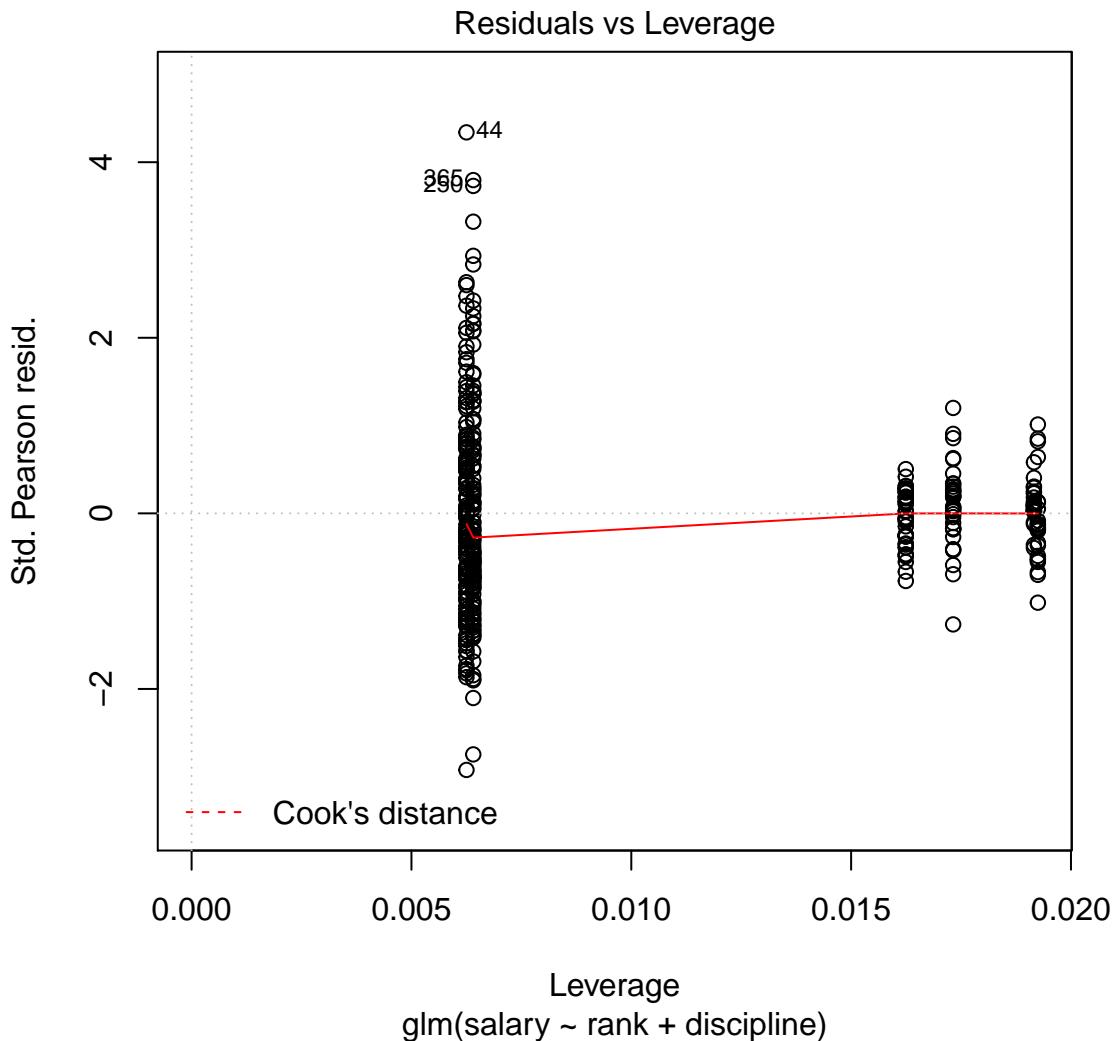
```
plot(linear.m3$residuals ~ salary$discipline, ylab = "Residuals", xlab = "Discipline")
```



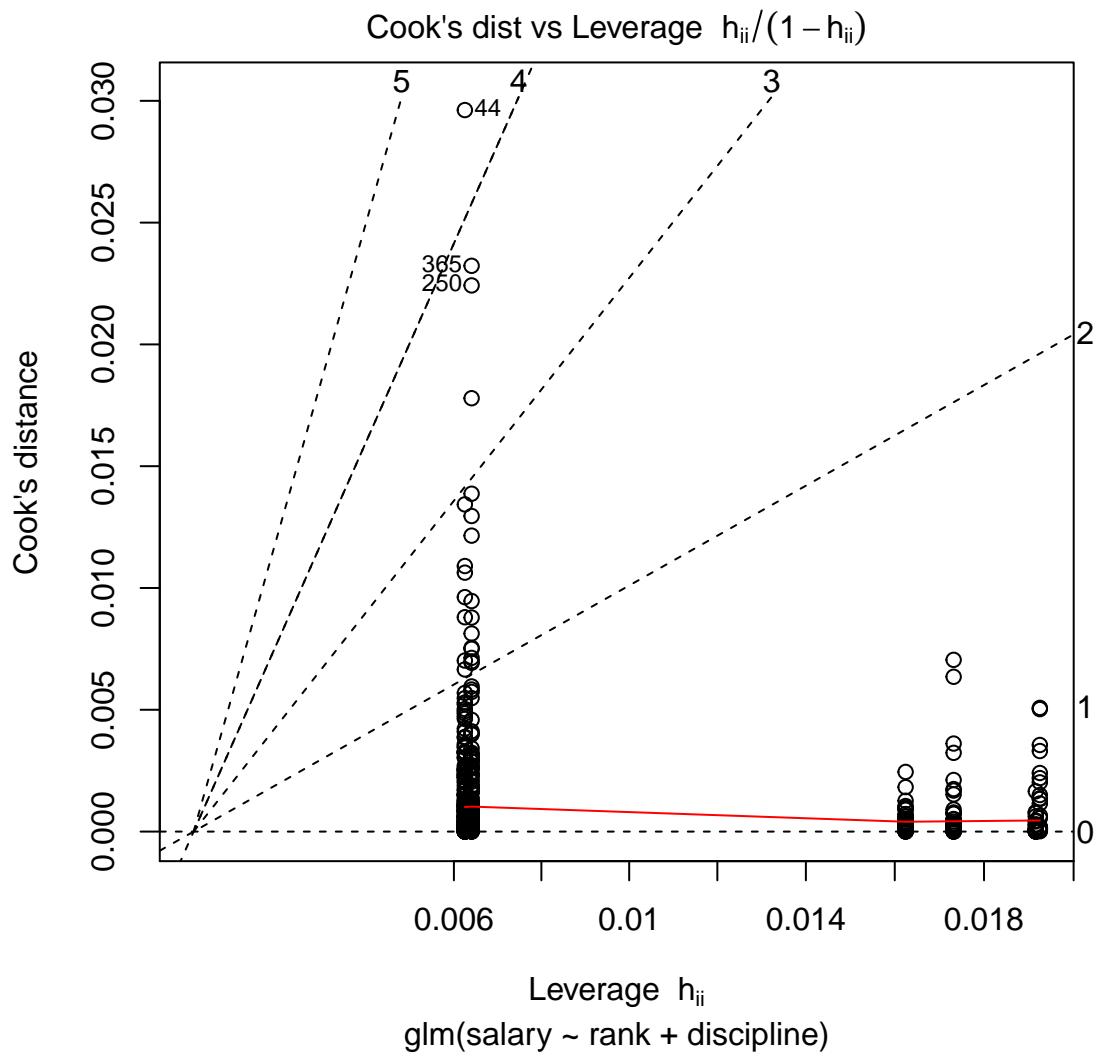
```
# - Influentials  
plot(linear.m3, which = 4) # all D < 1
```



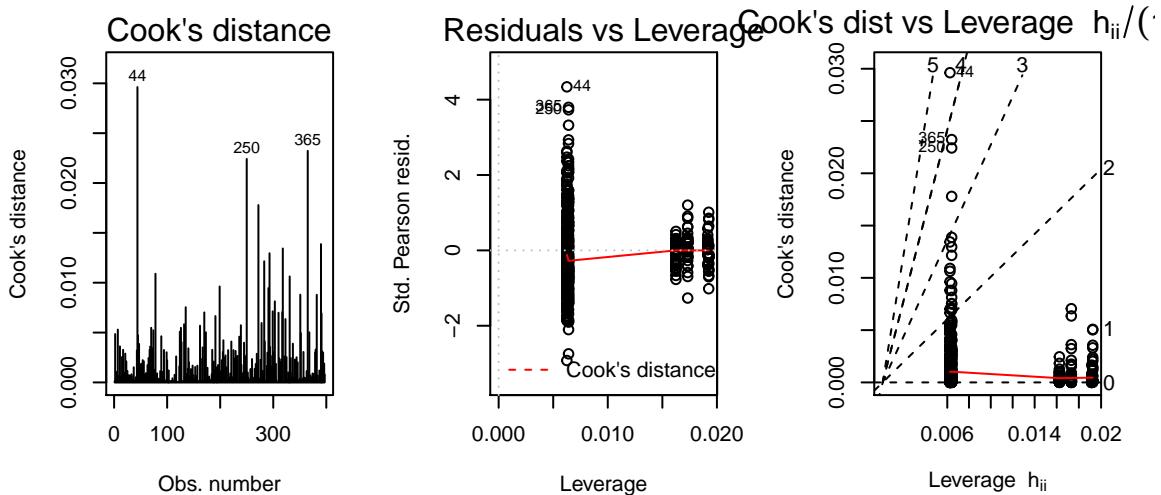
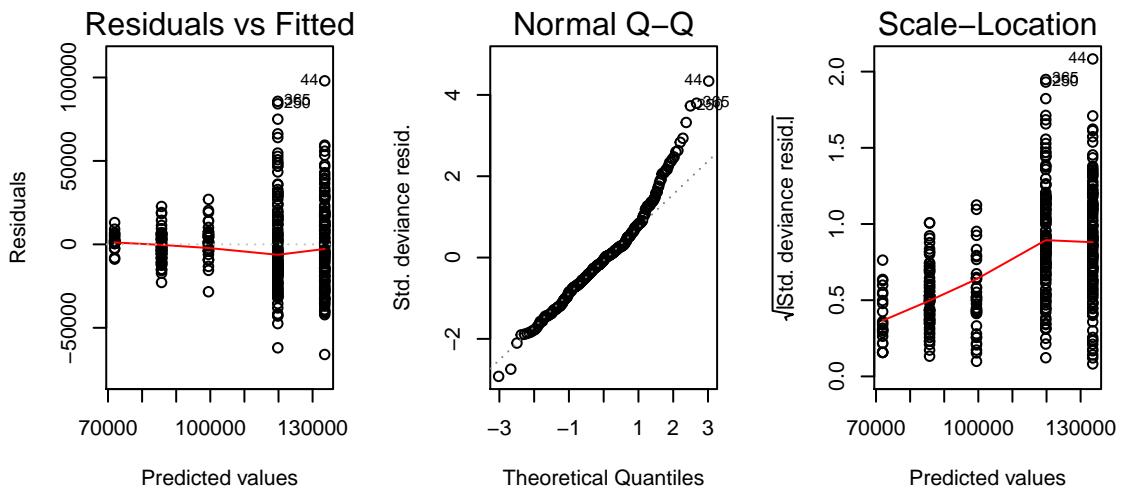
```
plot(linear.m3, which = 5) # leverage < 0.5
```



```
plot(linear.m3, which = 6)
```



```
par(mfrow = c(2, 3))
plot(linear.m3, which = 1:6)
```



```
par(mfrow = c(1, 1)) # reset
# - May need to handle these influential cases, but beyond the context of this workshop -
# Somehow, ended up with only cat var, basically an ANOVA
summary(aov(linear.m3))
```

```
##             Df   Sum Sq  Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## rank          2 1.432e+11 7.162e+10 139.58 < 2e-16 ***
## discipline    1 1.843e+10 1.843e+10  35.92 4.65e-09 ***
## Residuals   393 2.016e+11 5.131e+08
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# - But it depends on your obj. of analysis, predict / compare groups
```

3.8 Final model

```
# - Accept linear.m3
summary(linear.m3)
```

```

## 
## Call:
## glm(formula = salary ~ rank + discipline, data = salary)
## 
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min     1Q Median     3Q    Max 
## -65990 -14049 -1288  10760  97996 
## 
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) 71944     3135  22.948 < 2e-16 ***
## rankAssocProf 13762     3961   3.475 0.000569 *** 
## rankProf    47844     3112  15.376 < 2e-16 *** 
## disciplineB 13761     2296   5.993 4.65e-09 *** 
## --- 
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 
## 
## (Dispersion parameter for gaussian family taken to be 513076201)
## 
## Null deviance: 3.6330e+11  on 396  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 2.0164e+11  on 393  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 9094.8 
## 
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 2 

library(rsq) # R^2 for GLM
rsq(linear.m3)

## [1] 0.4449805

# - salary ~ rank + discipline
final = cbind(salary[c("rank", "discipline", "salary")], predicted_salary = predict(linear.m3))
final_ranked = final[order(final$rank), ]
head(final_ranked)

##      rank discipline salary predicted_salary
## 3 AsstProf      B  79750     85705.28
## 12 AsstProf     B  79800     85705.28
## 13 AsstProf     B  77700     85705.28
## 14 AsstProf     B  78000     85705.28
## 28 AsstProf     B  82379     85705.28
## 29 AsstProf     B  77000     85705.28

tail(final_ranked)

##      rank discipline salary predicted_salary
## 391 Prof       A 166605    119788.2
## 392 Prof       A 151292    119788.2
## 393 Prof       A 103106    119788.2
## 394 Prof       A 150564    119788.2
## 395 Prof       A 101738    119788.2
## 396 Prof       A  95329    119788.2

# - review back levels/var
levels(salary$rank)

## [1] "AsstProf" "AssocProf" "Prof"

```

```

levels(salary$discipline)

## [1] "A" "B"
# - if rank = 'Prof', discipline = 'B'
predict(linear.m3, list(rank = "Prof", discipline = "B"), se.fit = T)

## $fit
##      1
## 133549.1
##
## $se.fit
## [1] 1790.938
##
## $residual.scale
## [1] 22651.19

head(salary[salary$rank == "Prof" & salary$discipline == "B", c("rank", "discipline", "salary")])

##   rank discipline salary
## 1 Prof          B 139750
## 2 Prof          B 173200
## 4 Prof          B 115000
## 5 Prof          B 141500
## 7 Prof          B 175000
## 8 Prof          B 147765

mean(salary[salary$rank == "Prof" & salary$discipline == "B", "salary"])

## [1] 133393.8
# - if rank = 'AsstProf', discipline = 'B'
predict(linear.m3, list(rank = "AsstProf", discipline = "B"), se.fit = T)

## $fit
##      1
## 85705.28
##
## $se.fit
## [1] 2886.917
##
## $residual.scale
## [1] 22651.19

head(salary[salary$rank == "AsstProf" & salary$discipline == "B", c("rank", "discipline", "salary")])

##   rank discipline salary
## 3 AsstProf        B  79750
## 12 AsstProf       B  79800
## 13 AsstProf       B  77700
## 14 AsstProf       B  78000
## 28 AsstProf       B  82379
## 29 AsstProf       B  77000

mean(salary[salary$rank == "AsstProf" & salary$discipline == "B", "salary"])

## [1] 84593.91

```

References

- Fox, J., & Weisberg, S. (2017). *Car: Companion to applied regression*. Retrieved from <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=car>
- Kutner, M. H., Nachtsheim, C. J., Neter, J., & Li, W. (2005). *Applied linear statistical model* (5th ed. Singapore: McGraw-Hill.
- Revelle, W. (2017). *Psych: Procedures for psychological, psychometric, and personality research*. Retrieved from <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=psych>
- Zhang, D. (2017). *Rsq: R-squared and related measures*. Retrieved from <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=rsq>